Item SPR05-01 Response Form

Title:	Request for Reasonable Accommodation(s) by Persons With Disabilities (amend Cal. Rules of Court, rule 989.3; revise form MC-410)
	Agree with proposed changes
	☐ Agree with proposed changes only if modified
	☐ Do not agree with proposed changes
Comn	nents:
Name	e:Title:
Orgai	nization:
Addre	ess:
City,	State, Zip:
Please	e write or fax or respond using the Internet to:
	dress: Ms. Romunda Price, Judicial Council, 455 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94102
	: (415) 865-7664 Attention: Romunda Price rnet: www.courtinfo.ca.gov/invitationstocomment

DEADLINE FOR COMMENT: 5:00 p.m., Monday, June 20, 2005

Your comments may be written on this *Response Form* or directly on the proposal or as a letter. If you are not commenting directly on this sheet please remember to attach it to your comments for identification purposes.

Title	Request for Reasonable Accommodation(s) by Persons With Disabilities (amend Cal. Rules of Court, rule 989.3; revise form MC-410)
Summary	The proposed amendment to rule 989.3 and the corresponding form MC-410 would clarify the process and procedures for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodations.
Source	Access and Fairness Advisory Committee
Staff	Donna Clay-Conti, 415-865-7911; donna.clay-conti@jud.ca.gov Linda McCulloh, 415-865-7746, linda.mcculloh@jud.ca.gov
Discussion	Rule 989.3 of the California Rules of Court, adopted January 1, 1996, describes the process by which people with disabilities may request a reasonable accommodation to access the court's programs, services, or activities. The committee recommends certain clarifications to increase uniformity and effectiveness in applying the rule, and to conform the rule to legislative changes.
	Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) (43 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.), a "qualified individual" is defined as someone who has an impairment that <i>substantially</i> limits a major life activity. California law previously mirrored the ADA, but in 2001 a statutory change broadened the definition of <i>an individual with a disability</i> and eliminated the <i>substantial</i> limitation requirement for a major life activity. California law requires only a limitation of a major life activity and does not use the term "qualified individual." (Assem. Bill 2222; Civ. Code, §51 et seq.) The proposed amendments to this rule would reflect this change.
	In 2001, the Access for Persons With Disabilities Subcommittee of the Access and Fairness Advisory Committee embarked on a study to determine what, if any, amendments or changes should be made to rule 989.3 based on the courts' experiences with implementing the rule since its adoption in January 1996. The survey was sent to judges, court staff, and Access or ADA Coordinators (persons designated by the court to handle reasonable accommodation requests).
	The survey results indicate that while the rule is effective in providing access to people with disabilities, clarification in certain areas would improve the uniformity of application. The portions of the rule needing clarification include the definitions, process, permitted

communications, and notice of the disposition of the request. The proposed amendments will:

- Clarify the rule's definition of a covered *individual* and delete the word "qualified" before "individual with disabilities" to conform to California law.
- Amend the definition of *accommodation* to indicate that sign language interpreters must be certified, pursuant to Evidence Code section 754(f) and (h); and clarify that alteration of existing facilities by the responsible entity may be an accommodation.
- Delete the term, "the acquisition or construction of additional facilities" as a method of accommodation described in (b)(3) because although responsibilities for court facilities is in the process of transitioning to the state, court facilities presently are the responsibility of the counties, not the courts. In addition, in the context of a request for accommodation by a court user, it is unlikely that acquisition or construction of additional facilities would be a reasonable or necessary accommodation.
- Clarify that a request may be made in *any* "written format," on the MC-410 form, or orally.
- Direct requests for accommodations to the ADA or Access Coordinator, who has been designated by each court, so as not to delay the handling of the request.
- Eliminate the need for the court to seal information because some accommodation requests may be oral and therefore cannot be sealed.
- Clarify that the court is required to keep confidential all information of the accommodation(s) request, unless written waiver is obtained or disclosure is required by law.
- Clarify that the type of permitted communication between the requestor and the court is limited to the accommodation request and may not address the subject matter or the merits of the proceedings before the court so as not to constitute an improper ex parte communication.

- Clarify that discovery of information relating to a request for accommodation, as provided by law, is not limited by this rule.
- Clarify that the court's disposition of an accommodation request must be in writing and in an alternative format, such as large print, where appropriate.
- Require that the duration of the granted accommodation be indicated on the notice of the court's disposition.

The committee believes the clarification and simplified language will greatly improve the effective application of rule 989.3. The proposed amendment will not result in any new administrative costs to the courts.

Form MC-410, Request for Accommodation(s) by Persons With Disabilities and Response, is an optional form. This form would be revised to conform to the proposed rule amendment as follows:

- Addition of "Form to Be Kept Confidential and in a File Separate From Case File" at the top of the form and deleted" Form to Be Kept Confidential (if box checked)" to conform to rule 989.3(c)(4) (note: subdivision (c)(4) allows the confidentiality provision to be waived in writing);
- Deletion of "7. I request that my identity ☐ be kept CONFIDENTIAL ☐ NOT be kept CONFIDENTIAL" to conform to amended subdivision (c)(4)of rule 989.3;
- Replace "Order" with "Response" to conform to subdivision (g)(1), which allows nonjudicial court personnel (court executive officers and ADA or Access Coordinators) to respond to the request for accommodation;
- Deletion of "OF JUDICIAL OFFICER" after "NAME" and "SIGNATURE" to conform to subdivision (g)(1), which allows nonjudicial court personnel (court executive officers or ADA/Access Coordinators) to respond to the request for accommodation;
- Reformatting and numbering items 7 through 10;

- Addition of item 8 to clarify the duration of the accommodation to conform to amended subdivision (h) of rule 989.3;
- Addition of item 10 to provide space for explaining the reason for the denial, to conform to amend subdivision (e)(2) of rule 989.3;
- Addition of "SIGNATURE FOLLOWS THE LAST PAGE OF THE RESPONSE" for responses that exceed one page; and
- Clarification that the form is for optional use and not mandatory by indicating that the form is "approved" by the Judicial Council to conform to amended subdivision (c)(1) rule 989.3 (note: the form always had been optional and was previously inadvertently labeled as "approved").

The text of the proposed amended rule and the proposed revised form MC-410 are attached at pages 5 to 9.

Attachments

Rule 989.3 of the California Rules of Court would be amended, effective January 1, 2006, to read:

Rule 989.3. Requests for accommodation(s) by persons with disabilities

(a) [Policy] It shall be is the policy of the courts of this state to assure that qualified individuals with disabilities have equal and full access to the judicial system. To ensure access to the courts by persons with disabilities, each superior and appellate court must designate at least one person to be the ADA Coordinator, also known as the Access Coordinator, to address reasonable accommodation requests. Nothing in this rule shall be construed This rule is not intended to impose limitations or to invalidate the remedies, rights, and procedures accorded to any qualified individuals with disabilities under state or federal law.

(b) [**Definitions**] The following definitions shall apply under this rule:

 (1) "Qualified Individuals with disabilities" means persons covered by the California Civil Code section 51 et seq.and, Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.); Civil Code section 51 et seq.; and or other relatedapplicable state and federal laws; and . This definition includes individuals who have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities; have a record of such an impairment; or are regarded as having such an impairment.

(2) "Applicant" means any lawyer, party, witness, juror, or any other individual with an interest in attending any proceeding before any court of this state.

(3) "Accommodations(s)" mean actions that result in court services, programs, or activities being readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. Accommodation(s) may include, but are not limited to, making reasonable modifications in policies, practices, and procedures; furnishing, at no charge, to qualified individuals with disabilities, auxiliary aids and services, which are not limited to equipment, devices, materials in alternative formats, and qualified interpreters or readers or certified interpreters; relocating services or programs to accessible facilities; or providing services at alternate sites. Although not required where other actions are effective in providing access to court services, programs, or activities, alteration of existing facilities by the responsible entity may be an accommodation.and making each service, program, or activity, when viewed in its entirety, readily accessible to and usable by qualified individuals with disabilities requesting accommodations.

While not requiring that each existing facility be accessible, this standard, known as "program accessibility," must be provided by methods including alteration of existing facilities, acquisition or construction of additional facilities, relocation of a service or program to an accessible facility, or provision of services at alternate sites.

(4) The "Rule" means this rule regarding requests for accommodations in <u>any</u> state courts by qualified individuals with disabilities.

(5) "Confidentiality" applies to the identity of the applicant in all oral or written communications, including all files and documents submitted by an applicant as part of the application process.

(c) [**Process**] The following process for requesting accommodation(s) is established:

(1) Applications requesting Requests for accommodations(s) pursuant to this rule may be presented ex parte in writing, on a form approved by the Judicial Council or in other written format and provided by the court, or orally as the court may allow appropriate. Applications Requests should must be made directed at the designated Office of the Clerk, or to the courtroom clerk or judicial assistant where the proceeding will take place, or to the judicial officer who will preside over the proceeding to the ADA Coordinator, also known as the Access Coordinator, within the time frame provided in subdivision (c)(3).

(2) All applications Requests for accommodations shall must include a description of the accommodation sought, along with a statement of the impairment that necessitates such accommodation. The court, in its discretion, may require the applicant to provide additional information about the qualifying impairment.

(3) Applications Requests for accommodations should must be made as far in advance of the requested accommodations implementation date as possible, and in any event should must be made no less fewer than five court days prior to before the requested implementation date. The court may, in its discretion, waive this requirement.

(4) Upon request, The court shall must place under seal the identity of the applicant as designated on the application form and all other identifying information provided to the court pursuant to the application keep confidential all information of the applicant requesting concerning the request for accommodation, unless waived in writing by the applicant or

required by law to be disclosed. Confidential information may not be disclosed to persons other than those involved in the accommodation process. Confidential information includes the applicant's identity, all medical information concerning the applicant, and oral or written communication from an applicant concerning the request for accommodation(s). The confidential information must be kept in a file separate from the case file and maintained by the Access Coordinator or designee. Nothing in this rule limits or precludes discovery, as provided by law, of information relating to the request for accommodation(s).

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(d) [Permitted communication] An applicant may make ex parte eommunications with the court; such Communications under this rule shall must deal address only with the applicant's request for accommodations(s) the applicant's disability requires and shall must not deal address, in any manner, with the subject matter or merits of the proceedings before the court.

(e) [Grant of Providing an accommodation] A court shall must grant respond to a request for accommodation as follows:

(1) In determining whether to grant provide an accommodation and what accommodation request to grant, the court shall must consider, but is not limited by, California Civil Code section 51 et seq., the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and other related applicable state and federal laws.

 (2) The court shall <u>must</u> inform the applicant in writing of findings of fact and orders, in writing and, if appropriate, in an alternative format, as may be appropriate, of the following: (a) that whether the request for accommodation(s) is granted or denied, in whole or in part, ;and (b) the nature of the accommodations(s) to be provided, if any; and (c) the duration of the accommodation(s) to be provided.

(f) [Denial of accommodation <u>request</u>] An application A request for <u>accommodation(s)</u> may be denied only <u>if when</u> the court <u>finds</u> <u>determines</u> that:

(1) The applicant has failed to satisfy the requirements of this rule; or

(2) The requested accommodations(s) would create an undue financial or administrative burden on the court; or

(3) The requested accommodations(s) would fundamentally alter the nature of the service, program, or activity.

(g) [Review procedure]

(1) An applicant or any participant in the proceeding in which an accommodation request has been denied or granted may seek review of a determination made by nonjudicial court personnel within 10 days of the date of the response notice of denial or grant by submitting, in writing, a request for review to the judicial officer presiding judge or designee. who will preside over the proceeding or to the presiding judge if the matter has not been assigned.

(2) An applicant or any participant in the proceeding in which an accommodation request has been denied or granted may seek review of a determination made by a presiding judge or any other judicial officer of a court within 10 days of the date of the notice of determination denial or grant-by filing a petition for extraordinary relief in a court of superior jurisdiction.

(h) [Duration of accommodation(s)] If the accommodation(s) is granted, the court shall must commence provide the accommodation(s) on the date indicated in the notice of response to the request and the accommodation shall must remain in effect for the period specified. in the notice of accommodation. The court may grant provide accommodation(s) for indefinite periods of time, limited periods of time, or for a particular matter or appearance.

FORM TO BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL AND IN A	A FILE SEPARATE FROM CASE FILE MC-410
APPLICANT (name): APPLICANT is Witness Juror Attorney Person submitting request (name): APPLICANT'S ADDRESS:	Party Other DRAFT 9 04-18-05
NAME OF COURT: STREET ADDRESS: MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: BRANCH NAME: NAME OF JUDGE:	Not approved by the Judicial Council
CASE NAME:	DEPARTMENT:
REQUEST FOR ACCOMMODATION (S) PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES AND RESPO	
Applicant requests accommodation under rule 989.3 of the California Civil 1. Type of proceeding: Criminal Civil 2. Proceedings to be covered (for example, bail hearing, preliminary) 3. Dates (s) needed (specify): 4. Impairment necessitating accommodation(s) (specify): 5. Type of accommodation (s) requested (be specific): 6. Special requests or anticipated problems (specify): I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California. Date:	hearing, trial, sentencing hearing):
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	(SIGNATURE)
7. The court determines that the requested accommodation alternate accommodation (specify): a. does not create an undue burden on the court. b. does not fundamentally alter the nature of the service, program, or activity. 8. Therefore, the accommodation request is GRANTED for the following duration: a. for the above matter or appearance. b. from to c. indefinite period.	9. The court finds that the accommodation request: a fails to satisfy the requirements of rule 989.3. b creates an undue burden on the court. c fundamentally alters the nature of the service, program, or activity. 10. Therefore, the accommodation request is DENIED for the following reason (attach additional pages, if necessary):

Form Approved for Optional Use Judicial Council of California MC-410 [Rev. January 1, 2006]

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

Date:

(SIGNATURE)

SIGNATURE FOLLOWS THE LAST PAGE OF THE RESPONSE.